## Hawridge and Cholesbury CE School

## SPELLING PROGRAMME OF STUDY

KEY STAGE 1 and 2


## Year 5 and 6 Statutory Words

| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| accommodate accompany according achieve aggressive amateur ancient apparent appreciate attached available average awkward bargain bruise category cemetery | committee communicate community competition conscience conscious controversy convenience correspond criticise curiosity definite desperate determined develop dictionary disastrous | embarrass <br> environment <br> equipped <br> equipment <br> especially <br> exaggerate <br> excellent <br> existence <br> explanation <br> familiar <br> foreign <br> forty <br> frequently <br> government <br> guarantee harass <br> hindrance | identity immediate immediately individual interfere interrupt language leisure lightning marvellous mischievous muscle necessary neighbour nuisance occupy occur | opportunity parliament persuade physical prejudice privilege profession programme pronunciation queue recognise recommend relevant restaurant rhyme rhythm | sacrifice secretary shoulder signature sincere sincerely soldier stomach sufficient suggest symbol system temperature thorough twelfth variety vegetable vehicle yacht |

## Year 6 Spelling Patterns and Rules

## Autumn term

- Homophones \& Near Homophones: Nouns that end in -ce/-cy and verbs that end in-se/-sy, eg, advice, advise, device, devise
- Adjectives ending in -ant into nouns ending in -ance/-ancy, eg, observant, observance, expectant , expectancy
- Adjectives ending in -ent into nouns ending in -ence/ -ency, eg, innocent, innocence, decent, decency
- Hyphens to join a prefix ending in a vowel to a root word beginning with a vowel, eg, co-operate, co-ordinate, co-own, co-author
- Hyphens to join compound adjectives to avoid ambiguity, eg, man-eating, little-used, rock-bottom, wide-eyed
- Words ending in -able, eg, applicable, tolerable, operable, considerable
- Words ending in -ably, eg, adorably, valuably, believably, considerably
- Word families based on common words, showing how words are related in form and meaning, eg, temperature, temper, temperament, tempered
- Creating diminutives using prefixes micro or mini, eg, minibus, miniskirt, miniscule


## Spring term

- Adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters to words ending in -fer, eg, referring, referred, referral, reference
- Words with a long /e/ sound spelt 'ie' or 'ei' after c (and exceptions), eg, siege, niece, grief, chief
- Word families based on common words, showing how words are related in form and meaning, eg, commit, committee, transmit, submit
- Words with endings which sound like /shuhl/ after a vowel letter, eg, official, special, artificial, social
- Words with endings which sound like /shuhl/ after a consonant letter, eg, partial, confidential, essential, substantial
- Statutory Spelling Challenge Words, eg, attached, available, average, competition
- Words with a 'soft c' spelt /ce/, eg, cemetery, certificate, celebrate, necessary
- Statutory Spelling Challenge Words, eg, foreign, apparent, appreciate, persuade


## Summer tem

- Word families based on common words, showing how words are related in form and meaning, eg, programme, telegram, hologram, diagram
- Words that can be nouns and verbs, eg, challenge, protest, broadcast, benefit
- Words with a long /o/ sound spelt 'ou' or 'ow', eg, shoulder, smoulder, mould, poultry
- Words ending in -ible, eg, possible, horrible, terrible, visible
- Words ending in -ibly, eg, possibly, horribly, terribly, visibly

Year 5 and 6 Statutory Words

| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| accommodate accompany according achieve aggressive amateur ancient apparent appreciate attached available average awkward bargain bruise category cemetery | committee communicate community competition conscience conscious controversy convenience correspond criticise curiosity definite desperate determined develop dictionary disastrous | embarrass environment equipped equipment especially exaggerate excellent existence explanation familiar foreign forty frequently government guarantee harass hindrance | identity immediate immediately individual interfere interrupt language leisure lightning marvellous mischievous muscle necessary neighbour nuisance occupy occur | opportunity parliament persuade physical prejudice privilege profession programme pronunciation queue recognise recommend relevant restaurant rhyme rhythm | sacrifice secretary shoulder signature sincere sincerely soldier stomach sufficient suggest symbol system temperature thorough twelfth variety vegetable vehicle yacht |

## Year 5 Spelling Patterns and Rules

## Autumn term

- Words with endings that sound like /shuhs/ spelt with -cious, eg, vicious, gracious, spacious, malicious
- Words with endings that sound like /shuhs/ spelt with -tious or -ious, eg, ambitious, cautious, fictitious, infectious
- Words with the short vowel sound /i/ spelt with y , eg, symbol, mystery, lyrics, oxygen
- Words with the long vowel sound /i/ spelt with y, eg, apply, supply, identify, occupy
- Homophones \& near homophones, eg, past, passed, proceed, precede
- Words with 'silent' letters, eg, doubt, lamb, debt, thumb
- Modal verbs, eg, might, must, shall, should
- Words ending in 'ment', eg, equipment, environment, government, parliament
- Adverbs of possibility and frequency, eg, certainly, definitely, possibly, perhaps
- Statutory Spelling Challenge Words, eg, vegetable, vehicle, bruise, soldier


## Spring term

- Creating nouns using -ity suffix, eg, community, curiosity, ability, visibility
- Creating nouns using -ness suffix, eg, happiness, hardness, madness, nastiness
- Creating nouns using -ship suffix, eg, membership, ownership, partnership, dictatorship
- Homophones \& Near Homophones, eg, stationary, stationery, steal, steel, principal, principle, profit, prophet
- Words with an /or/ sound spelt 'or', eg, forty, scorch, absorb, decorate
- Words with /or/ sound spelt 'au', eg, pause, cause, sauce, fraud
- Convert nouns or adjectives into verbs using the suffix -ate, eg, pollinate, captivate, activate, motivate
- Convert nouns or adjectives into verbs using the suffix -ise, eg, criticise, advertise, capitalise, finalise
- Convert nouns or adjectives into verbs using the suffix -ify, eg, amplify, solidify, signify, falsify
- Convert nouns or adjectives into verbs using the suffix -en, eg, blacken, brighten, flatten, lengthen


## Summer term

- Words containing the letter string 'ough', eg, though, although, dough, doughnut
- Adverbials of time, eg, yesterday, tomorrow, later, immediately
- Adverbials of place, eg, nearby, everywhere, nowhere, inside
- Words with an /ear/ sound spelt 'ere', eg, sincere, interfere, sphere, adhere
- Unstressed vowels in polysyllabic words, eg, definite, desperate, literate, secretary
- Statutory Spelling Challenge Words, eg, amateur, ancient, bargain, muscle
- Adding verb prefixes de- and re, eg, decompose, defuse, recycle, rebuild
- Adding verb prefix over, eg, overthrow, overturn, overslept, overcook
- Convert nouns or verbs into adjectives using suffix - ful, eg, boastful, faithful, doubtful, fearful
- Convert nouns or verbs into adjectives using suffix -ive, eg, attractive, creative, addictive, assertive
- Convert nouns or verbs into adjectives using suffix -al, eg, musical, political, accidental, mathematical


## Year 3 and 4 Statutory Words

| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| accident accidentally <br> actual <br> actually <br> address <br> although <br> answer <br> appear <br> arrive <br> believe <br> bicycle <br> breath <br> breathe <br> build <br> busy <br> business <br> calendar <br> caught | centre century certain circle complete consider continue decide describe different difficult disappear early earth eight eighth enough exercise experience | experiment <br> extreme famous favourite February forward forwards fruit grammar group guard guide heard heart height history imagine increase important | interest island knowledge learn length library material medicine mention minute natural naughty notice occasion occasionally often opposite ordinary particular |  | sentence <br> separate <br> special <br> straight <br> strange <br> strength <br> suppose <br> surprise <br> therefore <br> though <br> thought <br> through <br> various <br> weight <br> woman <br> women |

## Year 4 Spelling Patterns and Rules

## Autumn term

- Words with /aw/ spelt with augh and au, eg, caught, naughty, taught, daughter
- Adding the prefix in- (meaning 'not' or 'into'), eg, inactive, incorrect, inaccurate, insecure
- Adding the prefix im- (before a root word starting with ' $m$ ' or ' $p$ '), eg, immature, immeasurable, impossible, immortal
- Adding the prefix il- (before a root word staring with ' $I$ ') and the prefix ir- (before a root word starting with ' $r$ '), eg, illegal, illegible, illogical, illiterate
- Homophones \& near homophones, eg, medal, meddle, missed, mist
- Words with /shun/ endings spelt with 'sion' (if root word ends in 'se', 'de' or 'd'), eg, division, invasion, confusion, decision
- Words with a /shuhn/ sound, spelt with 'sion' (if root word ends in 'se', 'de' or 'd'), eg, expansion, extension, comprehension, tension
- Words with a /shuhn/ sound, spelt with 'ssion' (if root word ends in 'ss' or 'mit'), eg, expression, discussion, confession, permission
- Words with a / shuhn/ sound, spelt with 'tion' (if root word ends in 'te' or 't' / or has no definite root), eg, invention, injection, action, question
- Words with a /shuhn/ sound, spelt with 'cian' (if root word ends in ' $c$ ' or 'cs'), eg, musician, politician, electrician, magician
- Words with 'ough' to make a long /o/, /oo/ or /or/ sound, eg, though, although, dough, through
- Statutory Spellings Challenge Words, eg, interest, experiment, potatoes, favourite


## Spring term

- Homophones \& Near Homophones, eg, affect, effect, aloud, allowed, check, cheque
- Nouns ending in the suffix -ation, eg, information, adoration, sensation, preparation, creation, radiation
- Adding the prefix sub- (meaning 'under') and adding the prefix super- (meaning 'above'), eg, submerge, subheading, submarine, subordinate
- Plural Possessive Apostrophes with plural words, eg, girls', boys', babies', parents'
- Words with the /s/ sound spelt with 'sc', eg, science, crescent, discipline, fascinate
- Words with a 'soft c' spelt with 'ce', eg, centre, century, certain, recent
- Words with a 'soft c' spelt with 'ci, eg, circle, decide, medicine, exercise
- Word families based on common words, showing how words are related in form and meaning, eg, phone, phonics, solve, solution
- Statutory Spellings Challenge Words, eg, length, strength, purpose, history


## Summer term

- Adding the prefix inter- (meaning 'between' or 'among'), eg, interact, interfere, intercity, international
- Adding the prefix anti- (meaning 'against'), eg, antiseptic, anticlockwise, antisocial, antidote
- Adding the prefix auto- (meaning 'self' or 'own'), eg, autograph, autobiography, automatic, autofocus
- Adding the prefix ex- (meaning 'out' ), eg, exit, extend, explode, excursion
- Adding the prefix non- (meaning 'not' ), eg, non-stick, non-stop, non-starter
- Words ending in -ar/ -er, eg, calendar, grammar, regular, particular
- Adding the suffix -ous (no change to root word), eg, dangerous, poisonous, mountainous, joyous
- Adding the suffix -ous (no definitive root word), eg, tremendous, enormous, jealous, serious
- Adding the suffix -ous (words ending in ' $y$ ' become ' $i$ ' and words ending in 'our' become 'or'), eg, various, furious, glorious, victorious
- Adding the suffix -ous (words ending in ' $e$ ' drop the ' $e$ ' but not 'ge'), eg, famous, nervous, ridiculous, carnivorous
- Adverbials of frequency and possibility, eg, regularly, occasionally, frequently, usually
- Adverbials of manner, eg, awkwardly, frantically, curiously, obediently


## Year 3 and 4 Statutory Words

| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| accident accidentally actual actually address although answer appear arrive believe bicycle breath breathe build busy business calendar caught | centre century certain circle complete consider continue decide describe different difficult disappear early earth eight eighth enough exercise experience | experiment extreme famous favourite February forward forwards fruit grammar group guard guide heard heart height history imagine increase important | interest island knowledge learn length library material medicine mention minute natural naughty notice occasion occasionally often opposite ordinary particular | peculiar perhaps popular position possess possession possible potatoes pressure probably promise purpose quarter question recent regular reign remember | sentence <br> separate special straight strange strength suppose surprise therefore though thought through various weight woman women |

## Year 3 Spelling Patterns and Rules

## Autumn term

- Words with the long /el / sound spelt with ei, eg, eight, eighth, eighty, weight
- Words with the long /el / sound spelt with ey, eg, hey, they, obey, grey
- Words with the long /el / sound spelt with ai, eg, straight, campaign, contain, brain
- Words with / / sound spelt with ear, eg, earth, early, learn, heard
- Homophones \& near homophones, eg, here, hear, bury, berry
- Creating adverbs using the suffix -ly (no change to root word), eg, kindly, quickly, safely, rudely
- Creating adverbs using the suffix -ly (root word ends in ' $y$ ' with more than one syllable), eg, happily, angrily, lazily, easily
- Creating adverbs using the suffix -ly (root word ends in 'le'), eg, gently, simply, humbly, nobly
- Creating adverbs using the suffix -ly (root word ends in 'ic' or 'al'), eg, basically, frantically, dramatically, magically
- Creating adverbs using the suffix -ly (exceptions to the rules), eg, truly, duly, wholly, fully
- Statutory Spelling Challenge Words, eg, believe, appear, often, group


## Spring term

- Words with short /i/ sound spelt with 'y, eg, myth, gym, Egypt, pyramid
- Adding suffixes beginning with a vowel (er/ed/ing) to words with more than one syllable, eg, gardener, gardening, limited, limiting
- Adding suffixes beginning with a vowel (er/ed/en/ing) to words with more than one syllable (stressed last syllable), eg, forgetting, forgotten, beginning, beginner
- Creating negative meanings using prefix mis, eg, misspell, mislead, mistreat, misbehave
- Creating negative meanings using prefix dis, eg, disobey, discolour, discover, disappear
- Words with a /k/ sound spelt with 'ch', eg, scheme, chorus, echo, character
- Homophones \& Near Homophones, eg, great, grate, scent, sent
- Adding the prefix bi- (meaning 'two' or 'twice') and Adding the prefix re- (meaning 'again' or back'), eg, bicycle, biplane, bisect, bilingual
- Words ending in the /g/ sound spelt 'gue' and the $/ \mathrm{k} /$ sound spelt 'que', eg, league, plague, rogue, vague
- Words with a /sh/ sound spelt with 'ch', eg, chef, chalet, machine, brochure
- Statutory Spellings Challenge Words, eg, address, busy, business, heart


## Summer term

- Words ending in -ary, eg, library, February, dictionary, boundary
- Words with a short /u/ sound spelt with 'o', eg, woman, wonder, month, govern
- Words with a short /u/ sound spelt with 'ou', eg, enough, young, touch, double
- Word families based on common words, showing how words are related in form and meaning., eg, instruct, structure, scope, telescope, press, suppress
- Words ending in the suffix -al, eg, natural, occasional, actual, accidental
- Words ending with an /zhuh/ sound spelt with 'sure', eg, treasure, measure, pleasure, enclosure
- Words ending with a /chuh/ sound spelt with 'ture', eg, creature, picture, nature, furniture, lecture, literature
- Silent Letters, eg, island, answer, build, guide


## Year 1 and 2 Statutory Words

| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| behind <br> whole <br> steak <br> child <br> wild <br> most <br> both <br> children <br> the <br> a <br> do <br> to <br> today <br> of <br> said <br> says <br> your <br> you <br> go | climb <br> only many clothes cold gold hold told busy people they be he me she we no I | pretty beautiful after fast last past father class water come some one once ask friend school put are were | again <br> grass <br> pass <br> plant <br> path <br> bath <br> hour <br> move <br> prove <br> was <br> is <br> his <br> has <br> so <br> by <br> my <br> here <br> any | half money improve <br> sugar could would sure eye there where every great break love push pull full | should who Mr Mrs parents Christmas Everybody even house our door poor find mind floor because kind old |

## Year 2 Spelling Patterns and Rules

## Autumn term

- The sounds /n/ spelt 'kn' and less often 'gn' at the beginning of words, eg, knock, know, knee, knitting
- The sounds /r/ spelt ' $w r$ ' at the beginning of words, eg, write, written, wrote, wrong
- The sound $/ s /$ spelt ' $c$ ' before $e$, $i$ and $y$, eg, race, ice, cell, city
- The sound /j/ spelt with '-dge' and '-ge' at the end of words, eg, badge, edge, bridge, dodge
- The sound /j/ often spelt with g before e, i and y . The sound /j/ always spelt with 'j' before a, o and $u$, eg, gem, giant, magic, giraffe
- Common Exception Words, eg, door, floor, again, wild
- The sound /I/ spelt with '-le' at the end of words, eg, table, apple, bottle, little
- The sound /I/ spelt with '-el' at the end of words, eg, camel, tunnel, squirrel, travel
- The sound /I/ spelt with '-il' and '-al' at the end of words, eg, pencil, fossil, nostril, pupil
- The sound /igh/ spelt with '-y' at the end of words, eg, sly, shy, terrify, sky
- Adding -ies to nouns and verbs ending in -y , eg, carries, cries, dries, marries
- Common Exception Words, eg, find, mind, behind, old


## Spring term

- Adding -ed, -er and -est to a word ending in -y with a consonant before it, eg, copier, copied, happier, happiest
- Adding -ing to a word ending in -y with a consonant before it, eg, marrying, carrying, flying, trying
- Adding -ing, -ed, -er, -est and -y to words ending in -e with a consonant before it, eg, hiking, hiked, hiker, nicer
- Adding -ing, -ed, -er, -est and -y to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant after a single vowel, eg, patting, patted, humming, hummed
- The sound /or/ spelt 'a' before I or II, eg, small, wall, fall, altogether
- Common Exception Words, eg, father, class, grass, pass
- The sound /u/ spelt with 'o', eg, other, mother, brother, nothing
- The sound /ee/ spelt with '-ey', eg, key, donkey, monkey, chimney
- The /o/ sound spelt with ' $a$ ' after w and qu, eg, watch, wander, quantity, squash
- The stressed/er/ spelt with 'or' after w and the sound / or/ spelt 'ar' after w, eg, work, worm, world, worth
- The sound /zh/ spelt 's', eg, treasure, usual, division, vision
- Common Exception Words, eg, break, steak, great, move


## Summer term

- The suffixes -ment, -ness and -ful, eg, enjoyment, sadness, careful, playful
- The suffixes -less and -ly, eg, badly, hopeless, penniless, happily
- Words ending in -tion, eg, station, fiction, motion, national
- Contractions, eg, can't, didn't, hasn't, couldn't
- The possessive apostrophe, eg, the man's, the woman's, the school's, a dog's
- Common Exception Words, eg, water, pretty, Christmas, beautiful
- Homophones and near homophones, eg, there, their, they're, knight, night, blue, blew
- Months of the year, eg, January, February, March, April
- Time words, eg, minute, quarter, month, second
- Question Words, eg, who, where, what, how


## Year 1 and 2 Statutory Words

| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| behind whole steak child wild most both children the a do to today of said says your you go | climb only many clothes cold gold hold told busy people they be he me she we no I | pretty beautiful after fast last past father class water come some one once ask friend school put are were | again <br> grass <br> pass <br> plant <br> path <br> bath <br> hour <br> move <br> prove <br> was <br> is <br> his <br> has <br> so <br> by <br> my <br> here <br> any | half money improve sugar could would sure eye there where every great break love push pull full | should who Mr Mrs parents Christmas Everybody even house our door poor find mind floor because kind old |

## Year 1 Spelling Patterns and Rules

## Autumn term

- The sounds /f/ and /s/, spelt 'ff' and 'ss', eg, off, puff, sniff, miss
- The sounds /l/ and /k/, /z/ spelt 'Il', 'zz' and 'ck', eg, well, pull, full, wall
- Adding the endings -ing, -ed and -er to verbs where no change is needed to the root word, eg, hunting, hunted, hunter, buzzing
- The sound spelt $n$ before $g$ ' $n g$ ' and the sound spelt $n$ before $k$ ' $n k$ ', eg, sunk, wink, bunk, sing
- The sound /ch/ spelt 'ch' and the sound /ch/ spelt -'tch', eg, fetch, kitchen, notch, hutch
- The sound $v$ and the $/ v /$ sound at the end of words spelt with 've', eg, vet, visit, have, live
- The digraphs 'ai' and 'oi', eg, paid, afraid, oil, join
- The digraphs 'ay' and 'oy', eg, play, way, enjoy, boy
- The sound /oa/ spelt with the vowel digraphs 'oa', 'ow', 'oe', eg, grow, toe, goes, goal
- The sound /ee/ spelt ' $e$ ' and with the vowel digraph 'ee', eg, tree, see, he, be
- The vowel digraph 'ea, eg, sea, dream, meat, each
- The vowel digraph 'ie' making the /igh/ and / ee/ sounds, eg, lie, tie, pie, cried

Spring term

- The trigraph igh, eg, right, bright, light, night
- The vowel digraph 'ar',eg, car, park, start, arm
- The vowel digraph 'er' (unstressed) 'er' (stressed), eg, summer, winter, sister, rubber
- The vowel digraph 'ir', 'ur', eg, first, third, turn, hurt
- Adding -er and -est to adjectives where no change is needed to the root word, eg, quicker, quickest, taller, tallest
- Days of the week, eg, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday
- The sound $/ k /$ spelt with ' $k$ ' not ' $c$ ', before $e, i$ and $y$, eg, sketch, kit, skin, frisky
- The split vowel digraphs ' $a-e$ ' and ' $e-e$ ', eg, date, lake, these, theme
- The split vowel digraphs 'i-e' 'o-e', eg, time, side, home, those
- The /yoo/ and /oo/ sounds spelt with the split digraph 'u-e', eg, flute, use, tube, tune
- The vowel digraph 'oo', eg, food, spoon, moon, tool
- The sounds/oo/ and /yoo/ spelt with 'ue' 'ew', eg, true, rescue, drew, new


## Summer term

- The vowel digraphs 'ow' and 'ou', eg, town, out, about, mouth
- Words ending with the sound /e/ spelt with ' $y$ ', eg, family, dizzy, smelly, silly
- The vowel digraph 'or' and the vowel trigraph 'ore', eg, morning, more, score, before
- The vowel digraphs 'aw' and 'au', eg, claw, author, August, dinosaur
- The vowel trigraph 'air' and 'are', eg, hair, chair, bare, dare
- The vowel trigraph 'ear', eg, near, year, clear, fear
- Consonant spelling 'ph' and 'wh', eg, dolphin, alphabet, phonics, elephant
- Adding the prefix -un without any change to the spelling of the root word, eg, unhappy, undo, unload, unfair
- Adding s and es to words, eg, cats, dogs, catches, pushes
- Compound words, eg, football, playground, farmyard, bedroom
- Contractions, eg, I'm, l'll, we'll, she'll
- Common Exception Words, eg, of, said, was, has

